# Homework 6 

Due Monday, November 11, 2019

Math 206

1. In class, we saw the following code:
```
from PIL import Image
img = Image.new( 'RGB', (600,600), 'white' )
pixels = img.load()
for x in range(300):
    for y in range(300):
        pixels[x,y] = (255,0,0)
for x in range(300,600):
    for y in range(300):
        pixels[x,y] = (0,255,0)
for x in range(300):
    for y in range(300,600):
        pixels[x,y] = (0,0,255)
img.show()
```

Get this, or something similar, working on your computer.
2. Mess around with putting different colors in the four boxes. Not just primary colors.
3. (a) Make a picture where the red value is 0 on the left, 255 on the right, and proportional to the $x$-coordinate, and the blue and green values are 0 everywhere.
(b) Make a picture where the green value is 0 at the top, 255 at the bottom, and proportional to the $y$-coordinate, and the red and blue values are 0 everywhere.
(c) Do both at once: so the red value is proportional to $x$, the green value is proportional to $y$, the blue value is zero everywhere. What color is it in the lower right?
4. Make a picture where the green value is proportional to the distance from ( 0,0 ).
5. (a) Make a picture where it's blue above the parabola $y=x^{2} / 10$, and green below.
(b) Make a picture where it's red inside the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=10$ and yellow outside.
(c) Make a picture where it's blue if $y \geq x^{2} / 10$ and $x^{2}+y^{2} \geq 10$, green if $y<x^{2} / 10$ and $x^{2}+y^{2} \geq 10$, and red or yellow in the other two cases. Or you can choose different colors.
6. In a bitmap, the origin $(x=0, y=0)$ is in the upper left, the positive $x$-direction is to the right, and the positive $y$-direction is down. In mathematics, we usually want the origin to be in the middle and the positive $y$-direction to be up. Edit your code from $\# 4$ and $\# 5$ to make a picture that conforms to math conventions. Optional: Make the coordinate axes black.

