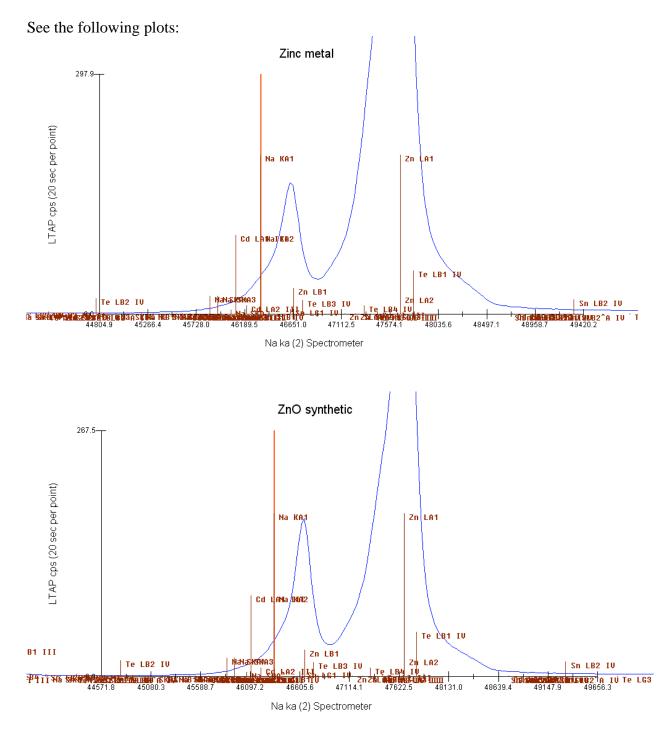
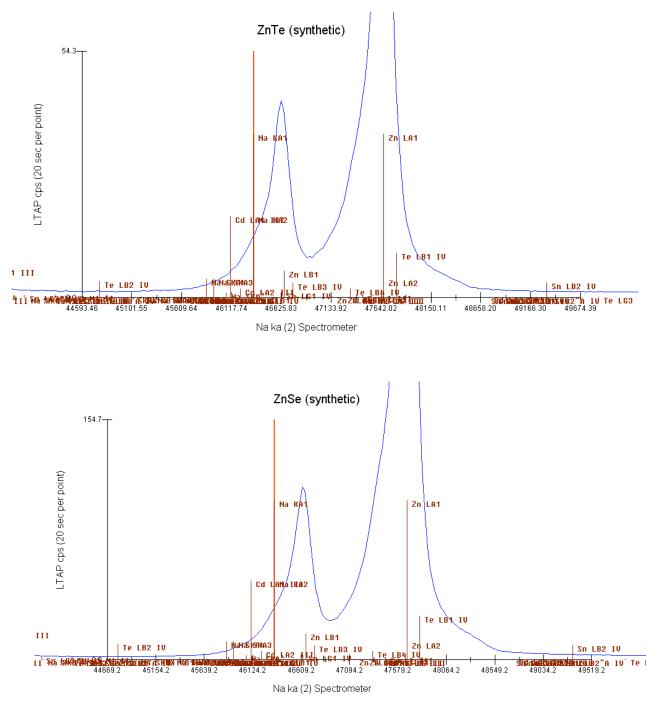
Measuring Na in the presence of Zn (Zn, ZnO, ZnTe, ZnSe) $_{04/2011}$

The following tests attempt to characterize the Na concentration in Zn containing materials that ostensibly do NOT contain any Na. The difficulty is with the interference from the Zn Lb1 emission line, which falls very close to the Na Ka emission line.

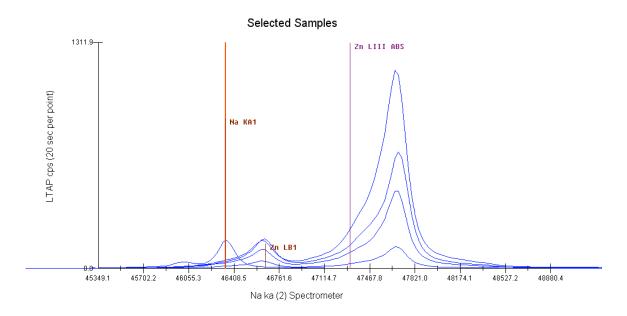




The main dilemma is that due to the fact that the Zn Lb1 transition involves the Zn N shell, which is also the valance shell for Zn, the actual emission energy of the Zn Lb1 line is somewhat dependent of the details of the molecular bonding of the compound of interest.

This can be seen in the following plot which shows the four Zn compounds (Zn, ZnO, ZnTe and ZnSe and also an Na containing material (nepheline) which has the formula (Na,K)AlSiO4 which shows the degree of overlap from Zn Lb1, but more importantly one can see that the ratio of the Zn La1 to the Zn Lb1 emission lines are not consistent

between the compounds due to the presence of the Zn L3 absorption edge (and other possible edges depending on the compound) between the Zn La and Zn Lb emission lines.



The following tables are attempts to ascertain the extent of the quantification problem. All measurements were performed at 20 keV, 30 nA and 20 um beam size. First some basic parameters for Zn and Na at 20 keV.

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Material	Zn wt%	Zn Ka ZCOR	Zn La ZCOR	Zn Lb ZCOR	Na ZCOR (Zn Ka)		
Zn	100	1.00	1.00	1.00	4.77		
ZnO	80.34	1.06	1.28	0.99	4.58		
ZnSe	45.29	0.904	1.09	0.65	3.34		
ZnTe	33.88	0.913	2.53	0.94	3.93		

Matrix correction parameters using FFAST MACs (Henke MAC for Na Ka in Zn of 10500) and Bastin's Proza

Quant calculations for Zn Ka (no interference corrections)

Material	Zn wt%	Zn Ka wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)
Zn	100	102.7	6.77	5.63	n.a.
ZnO	80.34	83.06	5.52	23.32	19.662
ZnSe	45.29	46.50	3.89	3.89	n.a.
ZnTe	33.88	33.21	1.49	1.14	n.a.

Quant calculations for Zn La (no interference corrections)

Material	Zn wt%	Zn La wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)
Zn	100	105.8	6.78	5.63	n.a.
ZnO	80.34	74.86	5.48	23.13	19.662
ZnSe	45.29	45.00	2.83	3.90	n.a.
ZnTe	33.88	27.62	1.88	1.11	n.a.

Quant calculations for Zn Lb (no interference corrections)

Material	Zn wt% (publ)	Zn Lb wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)
Zn	100	96.11	6.80	6.45	n.a.
ZnO	80.34	102.3	5.69	24.8	19.662
ZnSe	45.29	42.18	2.716	4.65	n.a.
ZnTe	33.88	23.72	1.846	1.25	n.a.

Material	Zn wt% (publ)	Zn Ka wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)
Zn	100	100.00	0.00	0.00	n.a.
ZnO	80.34	81.86	-0.049	19.29	19.662
ZnSe	45.29	45.62	-0.368	0.912	n.a.
ZnTe	33.88	32.81	-0.375	-0.097	n.a.

Quant calculations for Zn Ka (with interference corrections using Zinc metal interference standard for Zn on Na and Zn on O interferences)

Quant calculations for Zn La (with interference corrections using Zinc metal interference standard for Zn on Na and Zn on O interferences)

Material	Zn wt%	Zn La wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)
	(publ)				
Zn	100	100.02	-0.002	-0.001	n.a.
ZnO	80.34	73.71	0.478	19.56	19.662
ZnSe	45.29	43.84	-0.279	1.032	n.a.
ZnTe	33.88	27.73	-0.045	0.141	n.a.

Quant calculations for Zn Lb (with interference corrections using Zinc metal interference standard for Zn on Na and Zn on O interferences)

	standard for En on fau and En on o interferences)							
Material	Zn wt%	Zn Lb wt%	Na wt%	O wt%	O wt% (publ)			
	(publ)							
Zn	100	99.999	0.000	0.000	n.a.			
ZnO	80.34	106.48	-1.646	18.73	19.662			
ZnSe	45.29	42.28	-0.286	1.478	n.a.			
ZnTe	33.88	23.86	0.172	0.351	n.a.			

Ratio of Zn La to Zn Lb (cps/nA)

Material	Zn La	Zn Lb	Zn La/Zn Lb	
Zn	434.5	59.14	7.34	
ZnO	247.9	62.97	3.94	
ZnSe	173.4	40.68	4.26	
ZnTe	47.5	15.24	3.116	

The above table demonstrates the problem in extrapolating from one Zn compound to another for the purposes of an interference correction when the peak shift/shape factors are significant due to the difference in molecular bonding energies.