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## Graduate Teaching Assistants

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## Required Text:

Gravetter, F. J., \& Wallnau, L. B. (2007). Essentials of statistics for the behavioral sciences ( $6^{\text {th }}$ edition). Belmont, CA: Thomson/Wadsworth.

Additional required readings may be posted on blackboard.

## Course Description and Goals

Welcome to Statistical Methods! This course will introduce you to descriptive and inferential statistics, teach you how to calculate statistics and analyze data using a computer statistics package (SPSS), and improve your ability to understand and evaluate the statistical information reported in primary research articles. As a bonus, you will sharpen your ability to think critically and logically about important topics. In addition, these skills will provide you with a basic foundation in scientific methodology. If you choose to go on to graduate study in the social, behavioral, or physical sciences, this class will start to provide a foundation for the skills you will need there.

This class both is and is not really a math class. While you will be learning how to do statistical calculations by hand, this course is very different from courses taught in mathematics departments. The focus in this class is on conceptual understanding of statistics. In the past, most students have found that the actual "number crunching" in this class is relatively easy; it is the conceptual understanding of statistical methods that is more difficult. Once you understand the concepts, you will probably have little trouble doing calculations. Exams will be focused on conceptual understanding, while homeworks will apply concepts to actual problems. Please keep this in mind as you approach this course.

## Course Philosophy and Expectations

Lecture: The course includes traditional lecture meetings and a weekly lab meeting. Attendance at all lectures and labs is mandatory and will be an essential part of your success in this course. In lecture, there will occasionally be in class exercises which are also part of your grade. These are graded on a "just trying" basis and not on whether you got an answer right. These exercises will not occur on a fixed schedule and will not be part of every class, so attending every class is the only way to get full credit

If you find yourself not doing as well as you would like in this class, contact me or your TA earlier rather than later. We can help you solve many problems. If you wait until the end of term, it is usually too late for us to be of much help.

It is expected that you will come prepared to class. This means having done the readings for the day prior to coming to class. You will not do well on exams if you do not keep up with the reading. We also recommend that you check your email and the blackboard website often, as we will post important class information. This course has been designed to comply with the psychology department's guidelines for teaching and learning (http://psychweb.uoregon.edu/guidelines/index.htm).

Homework: Assignments are listed at the end of this syllabus. They will be discussed in lab each Tuesday, and will be due by the beginning of lab each week on the following Tuesday, beginning week 2. You may drop your lowest homework score and replace it with your highest homework score. If you miss a homework you will receive a 0 and that will count as your lowest score. No late homeworks will be accepted for credit. However, even if you fail to get a problem set in on time, you are required to turn in all homework assignments by the last class session in order to get $5 \%$ of the course grade. This $5 \%$ of the course grade is awarded on an all or nothing basis. If you turn in all your assignments (even if they are turned in late) you get the $5 \%$, if you are missing even just one, you don't get any of the credit.

Exams: There will be four exams during the term, one approximately every 4 class periods. There will also be an "optional" final exam that will take place during finals week. These exams will consist of multiple choice questions, and will be primarily conceptual. This means that exams and homeworks will cover different material. All exams will focus on material presented since the previous exam, but will require knowledge from throughout the course (because all of the material in the course is cumulative, the exams will also be cumulative). The exams are closed book, but you will not be required to do difficult calculations. At the end of the term, you will have the option of taking the "optional" final, which can replace the lowest of your four exams. Therefore, if you miss an in-class exam (and have a score of 0 for that exam) the final can be used to replace that. This is the only option for making up missed exams, no exceptions*! Your final exam grade will be based on the best of four exams, and the lowest grade will be dropped. If you don't take the optional final, this will be your "dropped" exam.

## What Do Students Need to Do to Succeed in This Class?

1. Read the assigned material. That includes following the numeric examples closely and writing down questions about anything not entirely clear. You are expected to read the text, in full.
2. Complete the homework assignments (and turn them in on time). Nearly all students who fail this course fail primarily because they either do not complete their homework assignments, or do not complete them on time. I do not know of a single student who has failed who has also turned in all completed homework assignments on time.
3. Attend the class sessions. If you must miss a class, it is your responsibility to come to my office hours, or your TA's office hours, and find out what you've missed. Missing class, for whatever reason, does not entitle you to any special treatment or relaxed deadlines. Do not fall behind!
4. Attend your lab section. Lab sections are not optional. In order to complete the homework problems, you will need to learn how to use the computer program SPSS, which will only be covered in lab. If you know you will have to miss a lab, let your TA know and try to attend a different lab section. Lab sections are not, however, interchangeable. Unless you've made a special arrangement, you are to attend your own session.
5. Ask questions. This is an introduction to statistical methods in psychology. You are not expected to know anything about this topic yet. Therefore, no question is a "dumb" question. If you don't understand something, speak up! This is the only way I will know when I am not explaining something clearly. You can assume that if you have a question, others probably do too.
6. Study for exams. The exams will focus on your conceptual understanding of course material covered in lecture, labs, and readings. The best way to study for exams is to attend all classes/labs, complete all assignments, do all your reading, and ask questions when you don't understand something. Exams will cover different material from what is on HWs!

## Grading

Your final course grade is based on the following components:
45\% Score on the $\mathbf{9}$ homework assignments, each worth 5\%** (your lowest score will be replaced with your highest score)
45\% Score on 4 quizzes/exams, each worth $11.25 \%^{* *}$
5\% For turning in all homework assignments. These are "all or none" points, received if you turn in all assignments (completed!), not received if you do not. They are an added incentive for completing all homeworks. Note: you can receive these points even if an assignment has been handed in late, as long as all assignments are handed in by the last day of class.
5\% Participation in in-class exercises
**Note: Random Extra Credit assignments will pop up on occasion. These points can only be applied to scores within a particular assignment type, up to a score of $100 \%$ for that assignment type (i.e. homework extra credit points apply only to homework grades until you have all perfect homework grades; extra quiz points apply only to quizzes until you have perfect quiz scores).

Final grades will be based on percentage of total possible points earned, and distributed as follows:

| A+ | Reserved for exceptional performance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 93-100 | D+ | 67-69.9 |
| A- | 90-92.9 | D | 63-66.9 |
| B+ | 87-89.9 | D- | 60-62.9 |
| B | 83-86.9 |  |  |
| B- | 80-82.9 | N | less than 70*** |
| C+ | 77-79.9 | P | 70 or higher*** |
| C | 73-76.9 |  |  |
| C- | 70-72.9 |  | ***If taking pass/fail |

## Rules and Policies

No late homeworks will be accepted. No makeup exams will be given, other than the "optional" final exam. It is your responsibility to stay on top of things, plan ahead, and leave some wiggle room in case an unexpected emergency comes up. Your lowest homework score will be replaced with your highest. Your exam grade will be based on your best performance on 4 exams. If unexpected circumstances come up that cause you to miss more than one homework assignment and more than one quiz, it is suggested that you talk to me to determine the best course of action (i.e., withdrawing and retaking class versus being graded on current performance). No exceptions will be made to this policy*.
*Except if something catastrophic occurs - please see me!
Collaborative learning is encouraged: If you want to discuss the problems with other students, feel free to do so. Talking over the problems and reworking them when you discover that others got different answers promotes deeper understanding of concepts and gives you more practice in applying skills. However, each student must submit separate homeworks, and you must show your work (no photocopies or word-for-word copying). This is also the case for SPSS problems - you may work together to get the SPSS output, but then each person must interpret and annotate the output individually.

The TAs and the instructor take academic integrity seriously. Cheating is defined as providing or accepting information on an exam, plagiarism or copying anyone's written work, or allowing someone else to copy your work. In addition, lying to try to get points (e.g., lying about having turned in an assignment on-time) is considered academic dishonesty and will be treated as cheating. Students who have been conclusively discovered cheating will be given an " $\mathbf{F}$ " for the course, and UO's student conduct coordinator will be informed. The instructor retains the right to assign seats for tests, to change an individual's seating for test security purposes, to require and check ID for admission to tests.

A note on A+ grades: A+ grades are reserved for outstanding or exceptional performance that stands out from the rest of the class, and will be given to a maximum of 2-3 students in a class this size. For your own sanityplease do not "go for" an A+; it is not worth it. Also, recently most graduate schools have adopted a policy of requiring applicants to recalculate their GPA's without A+ grades included, meaning A+ grades usually carry the same weight as good old regular A grades.

## SPECIAL NEEDS

Students with Disabilities: If you have a documented disability and may need accommodations, contact me ASAP. Please let me know in advance even if you are not sure that your disability will require accommodation (for example, if you have a physical disability that may require you to miss class, but you aren't sure it will). With advance planning, adjustments can be made. Last minute changes are problematic.

Student Athletes: You must let me know during the first week of classes if you will miss class due to travel with a UO athletic team and require accommodation. Requirements for the course will not be relaxed for student athletes, however minor scheduling accommodations may be made (e.g., taking a quiz a few hours early) if planned well ahead of time.

Other Students: If you are repeating this class, or if you are a student with children, a job, or have other circumstances that might affect your ability to devote time to the class, please let me know now so we can discuss strategies to promote your success in this course. If you wait until you have problems in the course it may be too late to salvage your grade, but planning ahead will likely lead to success.

## HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS

*Put your name and your TA's name on all homework.
Problems are at the end of each chapter. Turn homework in on time! To earn full credit, show and explain all work. For problems completed by hand, show all steps. *Annotate* SPSS output to receive full credit: Circle the most important numbers and explain (write or type directly and legibly on the output) what they mean. You must demonstrate that you are able to read and understand what you have produced. In addition, for any problem that includes hypothesis testing, you must include all steps of hypothesis testing including an APA style summary of your results. The book has answers to odd-numbered problems in the back. Use these for extra practice or to check your work.

Homework 1: Concepts, Scaling, Frequency Tables and Histograms (15 pts)
Ch 1: problems $4,13,17 \& 19$; Ch 2: problems $11 \& 18 \mathrm{bc}$. You may do problem 11 either using SPSS or by hand. Label your axes! If you use SPSS for problem 11, be sure to include the output, clearly identify which parts of the output go with the homework question. For question 18 , you only need to do parts $B$ and $C$.

Points: Ch 1: 4, 13, 17, 19-2 pts each; Ch 2: $11-4$ pts, 18bc- 3 pts.


#### Abstract

Homework 2: Central Tendency \& Variability (15 pts) Ch 3: problems 8 \& 10; Ch 4, problems 20ac (by hand), 22 (using SPSS) \& 24 (by hand). For Part C of problem 20, use the definitional formula, and do not worry about the estimate question; For problem 24 use the computational formula. Extra Credit: Go back to problem 20. 1) Use SPSS to find the mean, sample variance, and standard deviation for the original data. 2) The answers you obtain will differ from the by-hand calculations. Ask your TA why this is and write down the answer. 3) Again using SPSS, change the original numbers from the problem around until you have a data set with the SAME mean and $n$, but twice the sample variance compared to what you obtained in Part 1 (use trial and error method, and the definition of variance to help you!). Include output from SPSS showing the mean, variance, \& sd for original and altered data sets, annotate to clarify which parts of the printout go with steps $1 \& 3$, and include the numbers in the altered data set you created for step 3.

Points: Ch 3: 8\& 10-2 pts each; Ch 4: 20ac-5 pts, 22-2 pts, 24-4 pts; Extra Credit: 4 pts.


Homework 3: z-Scores \& the Normal Curve (15 pts)
Ch 5: problems 2, 4ab, 14, 22 (for question 22, be sure to explain your answer);
Ch 6, problems 8ac, 10ad, 11cd. No SPSS homework this week.
Points: Ch 5: 4ab-3 pts; All other problems - 2 pts each.

[^0]Homework 5: t-Tests with Independent Samples and Related Samples (15 pts)
Ch 10: problems 9ab \& 23a; Ch 11: problems 4 \& 23. Do Ch 10 problem 23a \& Ch 11 problem 23 both by hand and on SPSS. On the by-hand versions, state the research question, follow step-by-step hypothesistesting method, and end with answer to research question; also, show all work! For the SPSS version, annotate printout by circling the key elements in the output and explaining what the output shows. Finish both problems with one APA style summary (using info from SPSS printout).

Points: Ch 10 \#9ab \& Ch 11 \#4-2 pts each; Ch 10 \#23a \& Ch 11 \#23-5.5 pts each.

## Homework 6: ANOVA (15 pts)

Ch 13: problems $4,20 \& 25$. Do Ch 13 problem 25 both by hand and using SPSS (note: treat the birth/siblings variable as a "fixed" effect). On the by-hand version, state research question, follow and show all calculations and hypothesis testing steps, and also create an ANOVA summary table of your calculations. In SPSS version, obtain descriptive stats for all groups, and do a Tukey post-hoc test. Annotate all output, including brief explanations of results (i.e., describe significant results in a few words). Include an APA-style summary of results, using info from SPSS.

Points: Ch 13: \#4-2 pts; \#20-4 pts; \#25-9 pts.

Homework 7: Advanced ANOVA (15 pts)
Ch 14: problems 20, 26 (by hand) \& 28 (SPSS). For both problems 26 and 28, include all hypothesis testing steps and APA-style summaries at the end. For problem 28, request a plot for help in interpreting the interaction. Annotate output, including explanations of your results.
Extra Credit: Ch 14, problem 24 (by hand)
Points: Ch 14: \#20-3 pts; 26 \& 28-6 pts each; Extra Credit: 3 pts.

## Homework 8: Correlation \& Regression (15 pts)

Ch 15: problems 1, 2, 7 (by hand), 8 (using SPSS, also complete the Extra STEP), 10ab, 22ab (by hand). Show all work for by-hand problems. Extra STEP for problem 8: after finding the correlation for the data in the book, change the correlation substantially by adding an outlier (make up the data for this couple). Hand in annotated printouts for both original and modified data sets (identify which is which, and write down the data for the outlier you added), including an explanation of results (APA-style summary). Also explain on the modified printout what you learned from the exercise about the possible impact of a single case on correlation.

Points: Ch 15: 1 \& 2-0.5 pts each; $7 \& 8-5$ pts each; 10ab-1 pts; 22ab-3 pts.

## Homework 9: Chi-Square (15 pts)

Ch 16: problems 6 (by hand), 10 (by hand), \& 20 (by hand and SPSS). Show all work and include all hypothesis testing steps. Answer the research question at the end of each problem in an APA-style summary. In addition, do problem 20 using SPSS (be sure to request EXPECTED as well as OBSERVED counts). Annotate printout.

Points: Ch 16: 6, 10, \& 20 (by hand) - 4 pts each; 20 (SPSS) - 3 pts.

Tentative Lecture/Readings/Exam Schedule: This is only a tentative and is subject to change at any time. Updates will be discussed in class, and being unaware of changes because of missing class is not an excuse for not being prepared.

| Date |  | Topics | Readings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March | 31 | Course Introduction |  |
| April | 1 | Lab 1 - Intro to SPSS |  |
| April | 2 | Variables: Scales, Frequency, and Histograms | Chps. 1, 2 |
| April | 7 | Central Tendency \& Variability | Chps. 3, 4 |
| April | 8 | Lab 2 - Variability |  |
| April | 9 | Z-Scores \& Standard Distributions | Chp. 5 |
| April | 14 | EXAM 1 |  |
| April | 15 | Lab 3 - Z-Scores and Probability |  |
| April | 16 | Probability and Normal Distributions | Chp. 6 |
| April | 21 | Distributions of Means \& CLT | Chp. 7 |
| April | 22 | Lab 4 - CLT, Testing Hyp. w/Single Samples |  |
| April | 23 | Testing Hypotheses, Introduction to $t$ | Chp. 8, 9 |
| April | 28 | Independent $t$ test | Chp. 10 |
| April | 29 | Lab 5 - Independent and Related Samples t-tests |  |
| April | 30 | EXAM 2 |  |
| May | 5 | Related samples $t$-tests, Introduction to ANOVA | Chp. 11 |
| May | 6 | Lab 6 - One-way ANOVA |  |
| May | 7 | ANOVA continues | Chp. 13 |
| May | 12 | Factorial ANOVA | Chp. 14 |
| May | 13 | Lab 7 - Factorial ANOVA |  |
| May | 14 | Factorial ANOVA |  |
| May | 19 | EXAM 3 |  |
| May | 20 | Lab 8 - Correlation and Regression |  |
| May | 21 | Correlation \& Regression | Chp. 15 |
| May | 26 | NO CLASS! |  |
| May | 27 | Lab 9 - Chi-Square |  |
| May | 28 | Chi-Square, which test? | Chp. 16 |
| June | 2 | Review, recap, and future directions! |  |
| June | 3 | Lab 10 - Review! |  |
| June | 5 | EXAM 4 |  |


[^0]:    Homework 4: Distribution of Sample Means, z-test \& t-test (15 pts)
    Ch 7: problems 14 \& 24; Ch 8: problems 6 \& 8; Ch 9, problem 8. Be sure to show all work and explain answers fully. Include an APA-style summary of your results for Ch 8 problem 8 . For Ch 9 problem 8, please show all work, though hypothesis testing steps are not needed. In Ch 9 problem 8, the phrases " 4 -point effect" and "8-point effect" are redundant, reflecting the obtained mean values for each part. The question is asking you to compute two $t$ tests, one for each mean value, where the top half of the calculation equals the " $4 / 8$ point effect." No SPSS homework this week.

    Points: Ch 8: \#8-5 pts; Ch 9: \#6-4 pts; All other problems - 2 pts each.

