THE HIDDEN UNIVERSE

Dark Matter, Dark Energy, and Gravitational Waves

Wally Pacholka / AstroPics.com

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Virgo Cluster

Hubble Space Telescope

Jim Brau Eugene Public Library January 18, 2014

Ultra Deep Field Image Hubble Space Telescope

The End of Physics ?

"The more important fundamental laws and facts of physical science have <u>all been discovered</u>,

and these are now so firmly established that the possibility of their ever being supplanted in consequence of <u>new discoveries is exceedingly remote</u>."

The End of Physics ?

Nobel Laureate Albert A. Michelson, at the dedication of Ryerson Physics Lab, U. of Chicago, <u>1894</u>



Eugene Public Library

What is the universe made of?
Atomic ("ordinary") matter

mostly protons, neutrons and electrons
explains visible universe

 But the <u>visible universe</u> is only a fraction of the entire universe that we have discovered

> Dark Matter Dark Energy Gravitational Waves

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

1929 - Hubble Discovered Universe is Expanding



First evidence that Universe began with a Big Bang



Edwin Powell Hubble (1889-1953)





Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

1929 - Hubble Discovered Universe is Expanding



First evidence that Universe began with a Big Bang





Universe's Glow in Microwaves *discovered in 1965*

predicted following Hubble's discovery

confirmed early universe of Big Bang

Detailed measurements of this "Cosmic Microwave Background" yields the total mass/energy density of the universe today: 5 hydrogen atoms/m³ equivalent



Jim Brau

Oregon QuarkNet

June 26, 2013

Nuclear Physics in the Early Universe

Early universe produced atomic abundances



- Nicely explained in Big Bang Theory
- Establishes density of nuclear/atomic matter
 - -today (after expansion) <u>1 hydrogen atom/ 4 m³</u>
 - -1/20 of total mass/energy of universe

Jim Brau Oregon QuarkNet June 26, 2013

The Matter Crisis

 not enough matter to "make-up" known matter & energy of the Universe



Jim Brau Oregon QuarkNet June 26, 2013



OBJECTS IN THE UNIVERSE -SUPERCLUSTERS AND NEUTRINOS. ID LIKE YOU TO HANDLE EVERYTHING IN BETWEEN.



Halo of Dark Matter

M31 - Andromeda

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Halo of Dark Matter

0

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

How we know dark halos surround galaxies?



Expectedbased on visible stellar mass

Observed-

Vera Rubin 1950s

Ir massreveals invisible ("dark") massEugene Public LibraryJanuary 18, 2014

Jim Brau



Fritz Zwicky

Early Dark Matter Evidence

1930s motions of clusters of galaxies cannot be understood – Fritz Zwicky



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Bullet Cluster

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Bullet Cluster

X-Ray emissions (red) -Hot gas produced during pass through,.

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Imaging Dark Matter



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Bullet Cluster

Lensing of more distant galaxies reveals dark matter (shown in blue)

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Bullet Cluster

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

The Matter Crisis

- better
- still not enough matter to "make-up" known matter & energy of the Universe



Jim Brau Oregon QuarkNet June 26, 2013

What is the Dark Matter that Dominates Atomic Matter by 5/1?

- We have motivated ideas, but only direct evidence will be definitive
 Xiextrixos WIMPs? Neutralinos? Axions? XIEXES Exotics?
- Accelerator, satellite, or underground experiments may discover Dark Matter particles



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

<u>Candidate</u> Theory Explains Dark Matter SuperString Theory



- Unifies <u>all</u> particles and <u>all</u> forces
 - gravity with quantum mechanics
- Fundamental particles are represented as vibrations on string

- Strings are miniscule
 - Atom is 10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 x bigger Dimension of String =10⁻²⁵ atomic size = 10^{-35} meters
- Requires another set of matching particles
 - the <u>super-partners</u> of ordinary particles

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library



Supersymmetry, Strings, and Dark Matter

 The supersymmetric particles have just the properties expected of <u>Dark Matter</u>

But the dark matter particles may arise from even more fascinating New Physics. We just don't know - the search goes on!



January 18, 2014

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Searching for Dark Matter Particles many approaches

Particle Collider



Large Hadron Collider (LHC) ATLAS Collaboration w/ U. Oregon

Signals from Space





Underground Detectors



CDMS Underground

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Matter/Energy Budget Crisis

 What could account for the missing matter/energy of the Universe?



Mass & Energy

It followed from the special theory of relativity that mass and energy are both but different manifestations of the same thing -- a somewhat unfamiliar conception for the average mind. Furthermore, the equation E is equal to m c-squared, in which <u>energy</u> is put equal to <u>mass</u>, multiplied by the square of the velocity of light, showed that very small amounts of mass may be converted into a very large amount of energy and vice versa. The mass and energy were in fact equivalent, according to the formula mentioned above. Center for the History of Physics

Jim Brau Oregon QuarkNet June 26, 2013

Measuring Expansion of Universe

Distant Supernovae



Hubble Space Telescope - ACS

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Measuring Expansion of Universe

Distant Supernovae





Hubble Space Telescope - ACS



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Type la Supernovae are "Standard Candles"

Standard Candle = known luminosity



Chandrasekhar Limit

- $1.4 \times M_{SUN}$ (density = 1000 kg/cm³)
- over this mass white dwarf collapses and explodes
- luminosity determined by mass = $1.4 \times M_{SUN}$





Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library



Measuring Expansion of Universe

Distant Supernovae





Hubble Space Telescope - ACS



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Measuring Expansion of Universe

Distant Supernovae Hubble Space Telescope - ACS

> Expansion of the Universe is Accelerating

How much of the Universe's matter and energy is needed to cause this large acceleration?

1000 Martin

Present

E TRUES

supernova

Driven by Dark Energy

Jim Brau

Accelerating

expansion

~15 billion years)

. . . .

Slowing

10.00

Lunnin

Eugene Public Library

Acceleration Component called "Dark Energy"

 The dominant "stuff" of the universe is dark matter and dark energy



The Dark Side Controls the Universe



Dark Matter HOLDS IT TOGETHER

Dark Energy DETERMINES ITS DESTINY

Dark Matter is strange!Dark Energy stranger- the greatest mystery in physics!Jim BrauPortland UO AlumniAugust 21, 2013



What is Dark Energy?



- Cosmological constant?
 - Einstein's addition (1917) to
 General Theory of Relativity.
 - Designed to overcome natural pull of gravity, producing a "static universe".
 - 1929 Edwin Hubble's discovered universe was expanding
 - Einstein called cosmological constant his "greatest blunder." He retracted the constant.

Jim Brau Eugene Public Library January 18, 2014



What is Dark Energy?



Cosmological Constant could result from quantum vacuum fluctuations

- Quantum physics -> no truly empty space
- "Empty space" filled with "virtual" particles

Empty Space "vacuum"

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Vacuum Fluctuations

- The effect of these virtual particles can be calculated using Quantum Field Theory
 - But this theoretical result is far too big

- This is a BIG-time mystery
 - we know how the universe might make Dark Energy, but we don't know how to make so little
- There is no fundamental understanding of Dark Energy

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

January 18, 2014

 $E_o=\frac{1}{4\pi}\hbar\omega$

um energy is the sum of all the simple harm

$$E_o = \sum_j \frac{1}{4\pi} \hbar \omega_j$$

λ) for the scalar field. This sum may be evalue go to infinity. The periodic boundary condition ger values of n. There are then Ldk/2π discretes an integral:

$$E_{\phi} = \frac{1}{4\pi} k L^3 \int \frac{\omega}{(2\pi)^3} d^3 k$$

pose a cutoff at a maximum wavevector k_{max}

$$\rho_{vac} = \lim_{L \to \infty} \frac{E_o}{L^3} = \frac{\hbar k_{max}^4}{32\pi^3}$$

Substance of the Universe



Future Studies of Dark Energy

Four Techniques
distant supernovae
frozen sound waves in early universe
gravitational lensing
galaxy clusters

Blanco 4-meter telescope at Cerro Tololo Inter-American Observatory high in the Chilean Andes.

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Search for Gravitational Waves

LIGO Scientific Collaboration w/ U. Oregon

Laser Interferometer Gravitational-wave Observatory (LIGO)

Hanford, WA

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Mass-free "flat" Space-time



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Mass "warps" Space-time



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Gravity & Gravitational Waves

- The curvature of Space-time changes as masses within the spatial fabric move
- Large masses (black holes, neutron stars,...) will produce observable changes:

producing ripples in space gravitational waves

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

John Rowe Animation www.JohnRowe.org

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Detecting Gravitational Waves

- Disturbances in space very small space is STIFF!
 –small fraction of atomic nucleus over a kilometer
- Small disturbance can be measured by large laser interferometer (LIGO)





Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Global Network of Gravitational Wave Interferometers



Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

The next astronomy -Gravitational waves

- Many discoveries resulted from expanding astronomy for electromagnetic radiation radio waves, infrared, ultraviolet, X-rays, gamma-rays
- Revolutionary discoveries such as
 - neutron stars, black holes, gamma ray bursts, dark matter, dark energy, etc.
- We anticipate unexpected discoveries from gravitational wave astronomy

Jim Brau Eugene Public Library January 18, 2014

The End of Physics ?

What is Dark Matter? What is Dark Energy? What can gravitational waves tell us about the universe? What is the Higgs boson? How are electrons related to guarks? How can gravity and quantum mechanics be reconciled? Why are neutrinos so light?



Albert A. Michelson, 1894

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

The Hidden Universe: Dark Matter, Dark Energy, & Gravitational Waves

- The Universe is dominated by mysterious components:
 - 5% "ordinary", atomic matter
 - 27% dark matter what is it?
 - 68% dark energy what is it?
- Many upcoming scientific projects will advance our knowledge of these mysterious components of the HIDDEN UNIVERSE
- <u>Advanced LIGO</u> may soon open the gravitational wave window on the Universe

Jim Brau Eugene Public Library January 18, 2014

One thing I have learned in a long life: that all our science, measured against reality, is primitive and childlike -and yet it is the most precious thing we have.





The most beautiful experience we can have is the mysterious.

It is the fundamental emotion which stands at the cradle of true art and true science.

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library

Oregon ATLAS & LIGO Researchers

- Ben Allen
- Liza Brost
- Raymond Frey
- Craig Gallagher
- Walter Hopkins
- Stephanie Majewski
- Chris Potter
- Elizabeth Ptacek
- Ryan Quitzrow-James
- Peter Radloff

- Vincent Roma
- Robert Schofield
- Mansoora Shamim
- Nikolai Sinev
- David Strom
- Dipongkar Talukder
- Eric Torrence
- Chaowaroj Wanotayaroj
- Frank Winklmeier
- JB

Acknowledgements

RESEARCH SUPPORTED BY

Department of Energy OFFICE OF SCIENCE



NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Philip H. Knight



Acknowledgement: images from http://www.AstroPics.com

Jim Brau

Eugene Public Library