

## Problem for Homework 4

Math 420

Due April 27, 2016

Let us formalize the argument we sketched in lecture, showing that a spiral source  $X' = AX$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ -\beta & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

with  $\alpha > 0$  and  $\beta \neq 0$ , is topologically conjugate to a star-shaped source  $X' = X$ .

In lecture we calculated that

$$|\exp(At) V| = \exp(\alpha t) |V|$$

for  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $V \in \mathbb{R}^2$ .

(a) Let

$$S^1 = \{U \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |U| = 1\}$$

be the unit circle, and consider the following maps:

$$f: S^1 \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}$$

$$f(U, t) = \exp(t) U$$

$$f^{-1}: \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow S^1 \times \mathbb{R}$$

$$f^{-1}(X) = (X/|X|, \log |X|)$$

$$g: S^1 \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}$$

$$g(U, t) = \exp(At) U,$$

$$g^{-1}: \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow S^1 \times \mathbb{R}$$

$$g^{-1}(X) = (\exp(-A \log |X| / \alpha) X, \log |X| / \alpha).$$

Is it clear that these maps are continuous? If not, argue that they are.

- (b) Show that  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$  are inverse to one another and that  $g$  and  $g^{-1}$  are inverse to one another, that is,

$$\begin{aligned} f(f^{-1}(X)) &= X & f^{-1}(f(U, t)) &= (U, t) \\ g(g^{-1}(X)) &= X & g^{-1}(g(U, t)) &= (U, t) \end{aligned}$$

for all  $X \in \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}$  and  $U \in S^1$  and  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- (c) Consider the maps  $h, h^{-1}: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  defined by

$$h(X) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } X = 0 \\ g(f^{-1}(X)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$h^{-1}(X) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } X = 0 \\ f(g^{-1}(X)) & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Is it clear that these are inverse to one another, and continuous away from 0? If not, argue that they are. Then show that  $h$  and  $h^{-1}$  are continuous at 0, that is,

$$\lim_{|X| \rightarrow 0} |h(X)| = 0 \qquad \lim_{|X| \rightarrow 0} |h^{-1}(X)| = 0.$$

Thus  $h$  and  $h^{-1}$  are homeomorphisms.

- (d) Show that  $h$  is a topological conjugacy from  $X' = X$  to  $X' = AX$ , that is,

$$h(\exp(t) X_0) = \exp(At) h(X_0)$$

for all  $X_0 \in \mathbb{R}^2$  and  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- (e) Optional. Maybe not feasible. If we replace  $A$  with the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix},$$

how should we redefine  $g^{-1}$ ?