

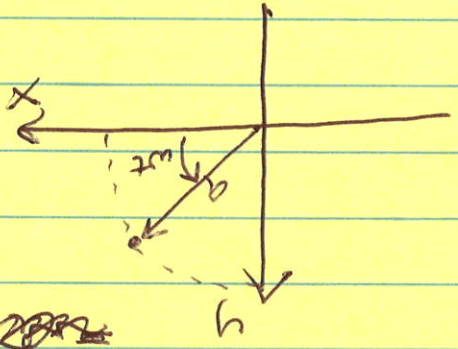
b) Let  $z = ae^{i\omega t}$ . The particle has a circle of radius  $a$  at speed  $\omega a$  and w/acceleration  $\omega^2 a$  directed towards the center of circle.

Sol<sup>n</sup>

(i)  $z = x + iy = a \cos \omega t + i a \sin \omega t$

~~radius~~  $|z| = \sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \omega t + a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}$

$r = a$ , constant by the



(ii)  $\frac{dz}{dt} = \underbrace{[-\omega a \sin \omega t + i \omega a \cos \omega t]}_{i \omega z}$

$v = \left| \frac{dz}{dt} \right| = \sqrt{\omega^2 a^2 \sin^2 \omega t + \omega^2 a^2 \cos^2 \omega t}$

$= \omega a$

(iii)  $\frac{d^2z}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 a \cos \omega t + i \omega^2 a \sin \omega t$

$= -\omega^2 [a \cos \omega t + i a \sin \omega t]$

$= -\omega^2 z$

Free text

$$(a) \frac{\sin 2n\theta}{\sin \theta} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \cos(2k+1)\theta = \cos \theta + \cos 3\theta + \cos 5\theta + \dots + \cos(2n-1)\theta$$

$$(ii) \frac{\sin 2n\theta}{\sin \theta} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (\sin \theta + \sin 3\theta + \dots + \sin(2k+1)\theta) = n \sin \theta$$

Soln

$$\text{note: } \theta + 2\theta + 3\theta + \dots + (2n-1)\theta = n^2 \theta$$

$$(\cos \theta + \cos 3\theta + \dots + \cos(2n-1)\theta) + (\sin \theta + \sin 3\theta + \dots + \sin(2n-1)\theta) = ?$$

$$\text{note: } \frac{1}{1-x} = ? \text{ , use de la division}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 \\ \underline{x^2 - x^3} \\ x^2 - x^2 \\ \underline{x - x^2} \\ 1 - x \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} 1 + x + x^2 + \dots \\ \underline{1 - x} \\ x^2 + \dots \\ \underline{x^2 - x^3} \\ x^3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\dots + \theta + \theta + \theta = \frac{1 - \theta^{2n}}{1 - \theta^2}$$

Pretty good, but we have a finite series. We want the power to diverge at  $(2n-1)\theta$  of  $\text{Re}(z)$ .

Consider:  $e^{2i(n-1)\theta}$

$$\frac{1 - e^{-2i\theta}}{1 - e^{-2i\theta}} \left[ e^{2i(n-1)\theta} + e^{2i(n-2)\theta} + \dots + e^{2i(n-3)\theta} + e^{2i(n-2)\theta} + \dots + e^{2i(n-1)\theta} \right]$$

$$\frac{e^{2i(n-2)\theta} - e^{2i(n-3)\theta}}{e^{2i(n-2)\theta} - e^{2i(n-3)\theta}}$$

and on each sum  $e^{i\theta} + e^{3i\theta} + \dots + e^{(2n-1)\theta}$

$$= \frac{1 - e^{-2i\theta}}{e^{2i(n-1)\theta}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{e^{2i(n-1)\theta}}$$

$$= \frac{2i \sin \theta}{e^{2i(n-1)\theta}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{Real, } \cos \theta + \cos 3\theta + \cos 5\theta + \dots + \cos(2n-1)\theta \\ \text{Imag, } \sin \theta + \sin 3\theta + \sin 5\theta + \dots + \sin(2n-1)\theta \end{aligned} \right\} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{2in\theta} - e^{-2in\theta}}{e^{2i(n-1)\theta}}$$