

## MATH 281 (PHILLIPS): MIDTERM 1 PROBLEMS

**Problem 1** (1 point). True or false: The behavior of cross products is bizarre and horrible.

**Problem 2** (2 points per part). In each of the following cases, decide whether the given expression is a scalar, a vector, or not defined.

(1)  $(\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{u}) \cdot (\mathbf{v} + 2\mathbf{w})$ , if  $\mathbf{u}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}$ , and  $\mathbf{w}$  are vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

(2)  $\langle 2, -3, -7 \rangle \times \langle -1, 5, -2 \rangle \times \langle -7, 3, -3 \rangle$

(3)  $(\langle 2, -3, -7 \rangle \cdot \langle -1, 5, -2 \rangle) \langle -7, 3, -3 \rangle$

**Problem 3** (10 points). Let  $g$  be a real number. Find the distance from the point  $(0, -1, g)$  to the plane given by  $x + 2y - 3z = 2$ .

**Problem 4** (8 points). Let  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  be functions whose values are vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , and let  $c(s) = \mathbf{u}(s) \cdot \mathbf{v}(s)$ . Suppose that

$$\mathbf{u}(3) = \langle 2, 0, -4 \rangle, \quad \mathbf{u}'(3) = \langle -5, 1, 3 \rangle, \quad \mathbf{v}(3) = \langle 2, -1, 0 \rangle, \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{v}'(3) = \langle -3, 0, 1 \rangle.$$

Find  $c'(3)$ .

**Problem 5** (6 points). Find all real numbers  $s$  such that the vectors  $\langle 2, -1, 3 \rangle$  and  $\langle 3, 1 - s, 1 \rangle$  are orthogonal.

**Problem 6** (10 points). Find two *unit* vectors which are orthogonal to both  $\langle -3, 4, -2 \rangle$  and  $\langle 1, 2, -1 \rangle$ .

**Problem 7** (12 points). Consider the surface in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  given by

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + (y - 2)^2 + \frac{z^2}{16} = 1.$$

Describe and draw its traces in the  $xz$  plane and the plane  $x = \sqrt{3}$ .

**Problem 8** (12 points). Find an equation for the plane that contains the line  $x(t) = 3t + 2$ ,  $y(t) = -5t$ ,  $z(t) = 4t + 5$  and contains the point  $(1, 2, 3)$ .

**Problem 9** (12 points). Find parametric equations for the tangent line to the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \frac{1}{3}t^3, t^2, 2t \rangle$  at the point  $(\frac{1}{3}, 1, 2)$ .

**Problem 10** (15 points). Find the length of the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = 4t\mathbf{i} + \frac{8}{3}t^{3/2}\mathbf{j} + t^2\mathbf{k}$  for  $1 \leq t \leq 2$ .

**Problem 11** (8 points). Find the domain of the vector valued function

$$\mathbf{w}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{t+2}, -\sqrt{t+7}, \ln(8-t) \right\rangle.$$

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**Problem 12** (17 extra credit points). *Without* writing anything in terms of coordinates, prove the product rule for the derivative of the cross product of two vector valued functions. You may assume without proof that a differentiable vector valued function is continuous, and that the limit of a cross product is the cross product of the limits.

**Problem 13** (18 extra credit points). Reparametrize the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 3 \sin(\ln(t)), 4 \ln(t), 3 \cos(\ln(t)) \rangle$ , for  $t > 0$ , with respect to arc length measured from the point where  $t = 1$  in the direction of increasing  $t$ .